IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT HARRISBURG, PA

FOR THE

MIDDLE DISTRICT COURT HARRISBURG, PA MAR 1 3 2000 3/14/

JIBRIL KOITA, GLAWIN WILSON)
OMAR MAHER, SALEH SHERIF)
CELIO DE LE CRUZ, AND ANH LE.) 1:CV-00-0070
v .	(JUDGE CALDWELL)
)
JANET RENO ET AL., (Respondent))

PETITIONER'S RESPONSE TO RESPONDENT'S REPLY TO THE ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

Petitioner, ANH LE, pro se, and respectfully moves this Honorable court to dismiss respondent's reply to the court's order to show cause. On the ground that mandatory detention under 1226 (c) of AEDPA as unconstitutional both on its face and as applied, violating petitioner's Fifth Amendment substantive and procedural due process rights, as well as the Eigth Ameendment prohibition against excessive bail.

All the respondent's argument raised lacked merit based on these reasons:

1) Respondent stated that mandarory detention does not violate petitioner's due process right.

This statement is in opposition with the Supreme Court reasoning in Reno v. Flores, 507 U.S. 292 (1993), the court held that the alien's detention satisfied procedural due process so long as there was some level of individualized

determination as to the propriety of the detention, 507 U.S. at 313.

In <u>U.S. v. Carlson</u>, 96 L. Ed 547 (1952), the Supreme Court further held that a purpose to injure society could not be imputed to all alien's subject to deportation. Thus a case by case determination is essential to avoid erronous deprivation of liberty.

Many court's have followed the Supreme Court reasoning and repeatedly held that mandatory detention under Section 1226 (c) of the INA, was unconstitutional both on its face and as applied, violating alien's Fifth Amendment substantive and procedural due process right. See:

Van Eeton v. Beebe, 49 F. Supp. 2d 1186
(D. Oregon, 1999)

Martin v. Green, 28 F. Supp. 2d 1275
(D. Col., 1998)

<u>Tam v. INS</u>, 14 F. Supp. 2d 1184 (E.D. Cal., 1998)

<u>Richard v. Reno</u>, 994 F. Supp. 1466 (Fla, 1999)

Alwaday v. Beebe, 1999 WL184028 (D. Ore., 1999)

Abdel-Fattah v. Reno, 3:99 CV-00947 (M.D., PA, 1999).

St. John v. McElroy, 917 F. Supp. 243
(S.D.N.Y. 1996)

Cabllero v. Caplinger, 914 F. Supp. 1374 (E.D. LA 1996).

Therefore, petitioner's due process right has been

Petitioner can not at any time withdraw his defense to the removal proceedings and return to his native land.

Further, respondent overlooked the fact that Vietnam may not permit the removal of the petitioner to his country, which may result a long-term detention.

It is clear that the petitioner has no key in his pocket and a review to the petitioner's criminal record does not reveal that the petitioner poses any significant danger to his community.

CONCLUSION

For all the above reasons, respondent's reply should be dismissed and petitioner's petition should be granted.

Respectfully Submitted,

ANH LE # 99-00275

Snyder County Prison 600 Old Colony Road Selinsgrove, PA 17870 Case 1:00-cv-00070-V/WC Document 9 Filed 03/43/2000 Page 4-of 4

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

		Ι,_	ANH	LE		_, hereby	7 0	ertify	that
а сору	of	the	foregoing	motic	on was	s mailed	on	this_	MARCH
day of		10	<u>,</u> 2000), to	the o	pposing	pai	rty at	. :

MARY CATHERINE FRYE ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY 228 Walnut Street Harrisburg, PA 17108

ANH LE

99-00275